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Editor: TED A. LURIE
Head Office: 9 Schocken Mansions, Jerusalem, P.O.Box 81 Tel. 24203
Tel Aviv: 30 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, P.O.Box 1175. Tel. 64251/2.
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WE welcome all distinguished delegates attending the various international events taking place in Israel during this week, and trust that the Government Tourist Corporation will deliver the perfect sunshine to which our visitors are entitled. It is a sign of Israel's rising prestige as a convention centre that groups with such diverse interests should have decided to come to this country for their different occasions.

Mayors, Optometrists and Diamond Merchants

All three groups have in common their emphasis on international goodwill and the desire of human beings in the year 1960 to seek the security that derives from disinterested mutual aid. The quarrels and dramatic upheavals that take place at the highest levels of international relationship tend to obscure an important process which has developed throughout the world. People are discovering that problems in one land are similar to those in another; men who have found solutions at home are eager to offer them to those still engaged with their difficulties, for the sheer satisfaction of seeing them work elsewhere as well. The fact that national borders offer no protection against nuclear weapons has also tended to lower the barriers between states that previously guarded them jealously.

The first Congress of the International Union of Local Authorities (IULA) ever to take place outside Europe is probably the most significant Conference ever to be held in Israel, involving 600 top civic leaders, from more than 30 countries. Prof. P.J. Oud, President of IULA, a former mayor of Amsterdam, paid a special tribute to the late Gershon Agron, former Editor of The Jerusalem Post and Mayor of Jerusalem, who conceived the idea of the Congress taking place in this country. (No doubt he would have preferred its main sessions to take place in the Capital instead of Tel Aviv.) The fact that IULA came to Israel to discuss the role of local authorities in development areas is both a posthumous distinction for Gershon Agron, as well as proof of the world-wide interest in Israel's efforts to meet the challenge posed by areas once described by foreign experts as "uninhabitable."

Israel is justly proud of what has been achieved in the 12 years and the delegates to the IULA Conference may find much to interest them in their tours that precede the working sessions. On the other hand the themes chosen for the Conference indicate how much Israel can learn from the discussions.

Local government has been in a sense the Cinderella of the State. In recent years, however, there has been growing appreciation of the importance of the Municipalities in a democracy. It is, for instance, most significant that many of the famous mayors among the delegates have held high office in their States in the past, while some will probably do so in the future: Prof. Oud himself was at one time Minister of Finance. We can now match this with Tel Aviv's Mayor, Mr. Namir formerly Minister of Labour.

There is general agreement that some changes in Israel's laws with regard to local authorities are desirable, but other national problems have been considered more pressing. Perhaps the IULA Congress will result in speedier action to remedy the weaknesses in the existing law.

New Orleans Police Repel Teen-Agers

NEW ORLEANS (AP). — Mounted police scattered more than 100 teenagers trying to break into one of the two schools which were integrated on Monday, and arrested six after the abortive charge yesterday.

The teenagers defied police orders to stay on the opposite street from the McDonogh 19 Public School, where three Negro girls came to first grade classes yesterday morning, accompanied by six Federal marshals. Another Negro girl is attending a second school.

NASSER IN SUDAN

KHARTOUM (AP). — Abdel Nasser arrived here on Tuesday aboard a UAR Comet jet for a 10-day official visit at the invitation of the Sudanese Government.

SAVE FOR a Rainy day with חסכון פרס Israel DISCOUNT BANK Ltd.

THE JERUSALEM POST

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1960. 22 Heshvan, 5721. 27 Jumad Aveil, 5720

This ad is number five [illegible]
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11 Nations Offer UN Compromise on Arms

UNITED NATIONS (AP). — Eleven countries, mostly from Asia and Africa, yesterday circulated a new compromise resolution calling for an early resumption of East-West negotiations on general and complete disarmament.

The proposal, sparked by the Indian Defence Minister, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, was worked out in consultation with both the Soviet Union and the U.S. It was to go before the General Assembly's 99-nation Political Committee late last night.

The 11-nation plan would avoid a vote on the rival Soviet and Western proposals now pending. It places strong stress on the goal of complete disarmament, as urged by the Russians, but at the same time approves the idea of limited measures to create a more favourable international atmosphere.

Sponsors of the resolution are Burma, Cambodia, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Morocco, Nepal, the UAR, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.

4-Week Effort

An Indian delegation source said the resolution represented efforts of four weeks of consultations with U.N. delegates.

While neither the U.S. nor the Soviet Union had accepted the resolution, the informant said both sides were very close and "we feel, in essence, that it meets all points."

The intention, the source said, was to spell out directly what "general and complete disarmament really means."

Informed sources said the U.S. felt the resolution placed too much stress on complete and general disarmament, which the U.S. delegation considers impractical as an immediate objective.

In its present form, it was said, the resolution is completely unacceptable to the U.S.

The resolution calls for changes in the U.N. structure to make sure that any international police force, created as part of a general disarmament plan, could not be used for any purpose inconsistent with the U.N. Charter.

Kennedy Planning UN Policy Change

UNITED NATIONS (UPI) — President-Elect John F. Kennedy plans to meet with the U.S. delegation here after his Florida vacation to discuss "certain changes" in Washington's policy toward the U.N., Sen. Wayne Morse (Democrat, Oregon), a member of the delegation, said here on Tuesday.

Meanwhile, Mr. Kennedy's lead in the popular vote from last Tuesday's election fell to 266,929 yesterday morning. He now has 32,772,330 votes to Mr. Nixon's 32,505,401.

Action Delayed On UN Council Seats

UNITED NATIONS. — The candidacy of the UAR for a seat on the Security Council remained undecided here on Monday. A committee of the General Assembly postponed for at least a week the entire discussion of a number of issues related to Council membership.

The Assembly's Special Political Committee adopted on Monday a motion introduced on Friday by India, calling for a recess of the debate on the Council issues. However, the major issues in conflict, most reliable diplomats here said, are not likely to affect the UAR's pressure to get itself elected to the Council.

India's motion was intended to provide a period for negotiating behind the scenes of various demands for enlarging the membership of the Council and for placing on the Council a number of "Black" Africa members. The UAR to date has the backing of the U.S. and other Western powers, for its "claim to a Council seat as a representative of the Middle East."

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Morocco has accepted an offer of Soviet military aid, a Government announcement said in Rabat last night.

The U.S. nuclear submarine, George Washington, left Charleston, South Carolina yesterday for two years at sea, armed with Polaris missiles with H-bomb warheads.

US Warns Laos Not to Attack Royal Capital

WASHINGTON (AP). — The State Department, in a strongly worded statement yesterday, urged Prime Minister Souvanna Phouma of Laos not to use force to regain control of the royal capital city of Luang Prabang.

The royal capital was seized last Friday in a bloodless take over by royal Laotian troops who pledged their loyalty to the Premier's right-wing foe, Gen. Phoumi Nosavan.

The Department's Press Officer, Mr. Lincoln White, in commenting on the Prime Minister's announcement that military force will be used to regain control over the royal capital said:

"It is problematical whether Souvanna Phouma will resort to the use of force in this instance because one of the first tenets he laid down was that he wanted to put an end to the fighting of Laos with Laos.

"It seems to us that such an open use of force would further exacerbate the situation, and would lead to further divisions and might facilitate additional Communist gains."

The U.S. is providing military assistance to both non-Communist factions in Laos.

The troops of rightist Gen. Nosavan are being paid, equipped and fed with U.S. funds.

Sweeping Shuffle In Vietnam Gov't

SAIGON (Reuter). — President Ngo Dinh Diem is expected to announce sweeping changes in his Cabinet and administration following last week's abortive paratroop *coup d'etat*, official sources said yesterday.

They said the reforms had actually been decided on two months ago.

An official source reported that the President, who last week sat out a paratrooper siege of his palace, would remain head of the state and leader of the Government.

But there would be a complete reorganization of the Presidential Cabinet, with the accent on youth. It was not planned to have Army men in the Cabinet.

Official sources gave the number arrested since the coup as "about 35." They said the Government has captured a "shadow cabinet" list from the rebellious paratroopers.

An official source said Gen. Thai Quang Hoang, taken as hostage by the coup leaders to Cambodia, arrived back in Saigon yesterday by air. Seventeen other officers of the coup are still in Cambodia and their extradition is being negotiated.

US Makes First X-15 Rocket Plane Flight

EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE, California (AP)— A U.S. X-15 rocket plane made a successful first flight yesterday with the mightiest aircraft engine ever built.

Test pilot Scott Crossfield made the brief test with the engine choked to its slowest speed and landing brake flaps wide open. Still, the stubby black craft shot to 28,000 feet and reached 1,518 miles an hour during an eight-minute flight before landing on a dry lake bed.

At full throttle, the XLR-99 rocket engine generates 57,000 pounds of thrust, nearly four times that of the XLR-11 engine that in earlier flights set world speed and altitude records of 2,196 m.p.h. and 136,500 feet. Ultimately, the engine is expected to push an X-15 at speeds of 4,000 m.p.h. to altitudes of between 50 and 100 miles.

The Mayor of West Berlin and Mrs. Willy Brandt being welcomed at Lydda airport Monday night by Dr. Haim Yahil, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, (right) and Mr. M. Surkis, Chairman of the Israel Union of Local Authorities. (See interview —Page 3). Fruchtin Photo

Kassem Dismisses Three Ministers

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — A big reshuffle of the Iraqi Government, involving the replacement of three Ministers, was announced by Baghdad Radio yesterday.

The Ministers to go are Awny Youssef (Public Works), Mrs. Naziha el Dulaimi (Minister of State), and Abdul Latif al Shawwaf (Trade).

Al Shawwaf becomes Governor of the Central Bank.

The present Iraqi Government was formed in February, 1959, and reshuffled in July that year and again in May this year.

Hassan Rifa'an, former Deputy Housing Minister, becomes Minister of Housing and Public Works, and Nadhin Zahawy, present Governor of the Central Bank, takes over the Trade Ministry.

The Ministry of Finance goes to Dr. Jamil, 45, graduate in economics from the Cairo University, who was a member of the committee which recommended Iraq's withdrawal from the sterling area last year.

110 Die in Czech Railway Crash

PRAGUE (Reuter). — A total of 110 persons were killed and 106 injured when two passenger trains collided near Pardubice, eastern Bohemia, on Monday night, the Czech news agency CETEKA reported yesterday.

It was the worst rail disaster in the world since a head-on smash between two trains at Rio de Janeiro in March 1954, when 112 were killed and 315 injured.

The accident occurred in a siding at the station of Stebkova, near Pardubice, about 70 miles east of Prague and 40 miles from the Polish frontier.

Ceteka said that "according to as yet incomplete results of the investigation into the accident, the collision was caused by gross disregard for the basic regulations applying to railway traffic."

Foreign Posts For Turkish Officers

ANKARA. — Troops took 14 officers dismissed from the Revolutionary Government from their homes in a pre-dawn swoop yesterday. They were informed they will be posted to Turkish diplomatic missions abroad.

Officials declined to say where the 14 officers, discharged from the ruling junta on Sunday by Chief of State Gen. Gursel, were taken. One reliable source said, however, that they spent part of the morning in conference with Gen. Gursel and his aides at the Presidential residence here. But it was confirmed that the 14 had received letters on Monday night, telling them they were appointed to diplomatic posts abroad.

Gen. Gursel, in a message to the Turkish armed forces on Monday night, accused the dismissed officers of "attempting to establish a military dictatorship in Turkey."

Syrian Cinema Blast Claims 152 Lives

DAMASCUS (Reuter). — Rescue workers yesterday continued searching for victims in the wreckage of a cinema which collapsed at Amudah, northern Syria, on Sunday night, killing 153 persons, many of them schoolchildren.

Reports of the disaster said 200 children attending a special performance at the cinema were trapped after an explosion in the projection room.

9 Die as Rescue 'Copter Crashes Near Wreckage

MANILA (Reuter). — Three of the five crew on board a rescue helicopter were killed on Tuesday when it crashed near the wreckage of an Albatross aircraft in the Marivelles Mountains.

Rear-Admiral Arthur Spring, Commander of the U.S. Naval Base at Subic Bay died with five others in the Albatross crash late on Monday.

De Gaulle Due to Launch New Plan Next Month

Defence Chiefs Report on Army

PARIS (Reuter). — General Paul Ely, National Defence Chief of Staff, flew back to Paris yesterday from a four-day confidential mission to army commanders in Algeria which is expected to be decisive in determining the speed of the next moves towards an "Algerian Algeria."

He saw General de Gaulle immediately on his return.

M. Pierre Messmer, Armed Forces Minister, also returned yesterday after a three-day inspection tour of army units in Algeria, and spent 20 minutes with the President reporting on his tour.

Gen. Ely had been expected to return to Paris Monday night after a day in Constantine, but prolonged his stay in Algiers under conditions of closest secrecy.

His mission is understood here to have been three-fold:

1. To tell army commanders what Gen. de Gaulle's next steps will be.

2. To assess whether the army will remain aloof from politics as the Government's powers are progressively transferred to Algeria.

3. To use his considerable influence to reassure the army that Gen. de Gaulle's policy will not lead to "abandoning" Algeria, as many officers and European civilians here fear.

President Going to Algeria

By MAURICE GARE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS.—President de Gaulle plans to visit Algeria in early December personally to set in motion radical reforms leading to the swift establishment of an "Algerian Algeria," it was learned here yesterday.

While in his November 4 speech Gen. de Gaulle uttered the fateful words "Algerian Republic," he has not given up and will not give up his objective of promoting a new Algeria "closely tied to France," failing which the country will have to be partitioned.

Even at the risk of upsetting the European settlers, Gen. de Gaulle has not publicly elaborated his ideas on "close ties with France" to avoid serving up a pre-fabricated settlement. He prefers a negotiated solution approved by all sections of the Algerian population, including the FLN insurgents.

It is reported that his present intention, which is liable to be modified according to circumstances, is to launch from Algerian soil, on the eve of the U.N. General Assembly debate on Algeria, a final appeal to the FLN to accept a truce and to participate in the building up of the land.

There is reason to believe that French Army officers — with the exception of a minority of extremists who see "Algerie Francaise" as a stepping stone to personal power in a neo-Fascist France — will stand firmly behind Gen. de Gaulle when they are apprised precisely of his aims.

It is understood his proposals to divide Algeria into autonomous regions according to ethnical groups, such as Arab, Kabylian, and European. These areas will be federated with the Central Government in Algiers.

While the Algerian Republic will enjoy international sovereignty, accordingly possessing its own diplomatic service — the outward symbol of emancipation which newly emergent nations understandably cherish — "close ties with France" will entail not only economic and technological cooperation for which Algeria will necessarily remain dependent on France for long years to come, but also mutual defence arrangements.

In fact, the *sine qua non* of the envisaged settlement is that the French Army shall remain in Algeria at least another decade — the minimum cooling off period for passions engendered by war. The presence of French troops will serve to protect the European minority as well as pro-French Moslems who cannot be abandoned to the vengeance of FLN extremists.

No Hope for Revolt

Reports from Algeria indicate that the ultras there have abandoned the hope of an anti-Gaullist revolt in Metropolitan France — an Army mutiny—but their calculation seems to be that if trouble can be stirred up in the streets of Algeria, the troops may hesitate to fire on settler mobs, thereby willy-nilly dragging in the Army into defiance of Gen. de Gaulle's authority.

The increasing nervousness in Algeria is reflected in moves taken by a number of Jews there to emigrate to France or Israel. Hitherto, few Jews moved because business is flourishing. But in case of unrest, Jews are liable to be the first to suffer from the enmity of both the European and pan-Arab Fascists in Algeria.

New Ruble to Facilitate Trade

MOSCOW (Reuter).—Revaluation of the Russian ruble, announced for New Year's Day 1961, will have the net effect of making costs here 10 per cent higher for foreign visitors and residents in terms of their own currencies.

But it will probably facilitate trade, since foreign businessmen will be able more easily to evaluate relative prices of Soviet goods.

Mr. Vasily Garbusov, the Finance Minister, proudly claimed yesterday in "Pravda," that the Soviet ruble was the only currency in the world which had increased in value since before World War I.

He also announced that the present two-tier system — an official rate and a special discount for tourists and foreign residents — would disappear from January 1.

The Soviet decree made public on Monday night changes in the gold content of the ruble and establishes an exchange rate of 90 kopeks to $1 (there are 100 kopeks to the ruble).

Internally, Russia will have a new "heavy" ruble worth 10 times the present one. These changes add up to devaluation in terms of Western currency.

These moves are seen by observers as a move towards ruble convertibility. Under present conditions, the official rate comes to four rubles to $1, and tourists get 10 rubles to $1.

In London, financial experts saw the revaluation as the most far-reaching and potentially the most important move in the Soviet Union's economic history. The reform could make the ruble a currency in the Western meaning of the word — it has never been one hitherto.

By far the most important aspect of the reform is the aim of putting both the internal and external aspects of the Soviet Union's international trade on a cost accounting instead of an arbitrary basis.

We mourn
the death of our General Director
Yehuda Leviatov ז"ל
and express our sincere condolences
to the Bereaved Family
THE EMPLOYEES
Industrial Development
Bank of Israel Ltd.

The Board of Directors of the Industrial
Development Bank of Israel Ltd.
mourns the sudden death of its General Director
Yehuda Leviatov ז"ל
The funeral cortege will leave from the Hadassah Ziv Hospital, Jerusalem, at 3.30 p.m., to Kiryat Anavim.

We deeply mourn the untimely passing away of our dear friend
Avraham Gutfreund ז"ל
Sincere condolences to the bereaved family.
Swissair Representation
ISRAEL
Tel Aviv

In deep sorrow we announce the death of my husband, our father, our relative, dearest of men
Yehuda Zvi Leviatov
Our friends may pass before his bier in Hadassah-Ziv Hospital in Jerusalem, today between 2.00 to 3.00 p.m. The funeral procession will leave from Hadassah Hospital to the Jerusalem Labour Council and from there to Kiryat Anavim where he will find eternal rest.
The mourners:
Zita Leviatov
Amos and Ruth Leviatov
Yehuda Even-Shmuel, Bruria, his daughter, and her husband, Zelig

With deep sorrow we announce the untimely passing of
Yehuda Leviatov ז"ל
one of the founders of our Company and a member of its Directorate
The Jerusalem Economic Corporation

TEL AVIV-YAFO MUNICIPALITY
Notice to Invited Guests
All guests invited by Tel Aviv Municipality to the Mann Auditorium, today, Wednesday, November 16, both to dinner and the Israel Folk Evening, are requested to be punctual and to bring their invitations indicating their seat at table or in the hall, in order to avoid seating accommodation difficulties.

The Israel Association for Friendship with Sweden
CORDIALLY WELCOMES
Messrs.
R. ANDERBERG, Chairman, Svenska Landskommunernas Forbund
C. A. ANDERSON, Chairman of the Stockholm City Council
S. O. DAHLMAN, Director of the Union of Swedish Towns
S. JARDLER, General Secretary, Svenska Landskommunernas Forbund
E. JUNGER, Chairman of the Gothenburg City Council
C. PETRI, Member of the Board of the Union of Swedish Towns
S. A. RADHE, Chief Clerk of the Stockholm Board for Justice and Police
B. THORBURN, Vice-Chairman of the Gothenburg City Council
Swedish delegates to the XVth Congress of the INTERNATIONAL UNION of LOCAL AUTHORITIES and wishes them a pleasant stay in ISRAEL.

Visiting Diamond Delegates
ARE HEREBY INVITED TO A LUNCHEON GIVEN BY THE DIAMOND DEPARTMENT OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND THE DIAMOND EXCHANGE, TOMORROW AT 1.30 P.M. AT TCHELET HALL, 97 REHOV RHEINKIN, TEL AVIV.
Please phone 61510, Tel Aviv, to enable us to send you personal invitations.

NOTICE
We hereby announce that Haiva's Yehisachon Haklai, Ha'anaza, Coop. Soc. Ltd. has amalgamated with The Workers' Bank Ltd. and will henceforth serve as a branch of The Workers' Bank Ltd., Ha'anaza. All facilities of our branches will be at the service of Ha'anaza residents.
At your service
A NEW BRANCH IN TEL AVIV
Rehov Levinski, Corner Lavanda
THE WORKERS' BANK
EST. 1921

Social & Personal

President Ben-Zvi yesterday received a delegation of diamond merchants from England, Italy, the U.S., Belgium, South Africa and Israel who have gathered for the opening of the Diamond Centre in Jerusalem.

Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday received a delegation of the Pioneer Women Organization of the U.S.

Mrs. Ben-Zvi also received Mr. and Mrs. Albert Albermale, of London.

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion yesterday received the three-man agricultural survey mission leaving for Nepal by invitation of the Nepalese Prime Minister, Mr. B. P. Koirala. The mission is composed of Mr. S. Kastor, Deputy Director of Tahal, Dr. Kedem, of the Jewish Agency Settlement Department, and Mr. Y. Eden, Director of the Huleh Valley Authority.

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, yesterday received the Dutch Minister of Housing and Construction, Mr. J. Van Aartsen.

The Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal, and the Ministry Workers Committees on Monday night held a reception in Jerusalem for the outgoing Director-General of the Ministry, Aluf Yosef Avidar, who has been appointed Ambassador to Argentina, and the new Director General, Dr. Giora Lotan.

Dr. N. P. Singha and Mr. S. Keirala, members of the Nepalese Parliament, yesterday visited the Knesset and were received by the Speaker, Mr. Kadish Luz.

A room was formally dedicated in memory of the late Gittel Leff, daughter of Esther and Moshe Kravitz, of Montreal, in the Girls' Vocational High School of Motzet Hapoalot and Pioneer Women in Beersheba. Among those present at the ceremony were Mrs. Beba Idelson, M.K., Clara Leff, President of Pioneer Women of U.S. and Canada, and Mrs. Chaya Burchin of Canada, and Mr. Touviyahu, Mayor of Beersheba.

Mr. Jacques Lassigne of Paris, in charge of the exhibition of French Art now on show in Israel, will lecture tonight at 8.30 p.m. at the Bezalel National Museum, Jerusalem on "The French Art of Today."

Rabbi Bernard Casper, Dean of Students of the Hebrew University, will address The Jerusalem Rotary Club at a dinner with ladies, to be held at the Y.M.C.A. at 8 p.m. tonight. He will speak on "International Education."

Dr. Arieh Nesher will address the Haifa Rotary Club today on "Human Problems in Israel Industry," at the Appinger Hotel, at 1 p.m.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
2.30, 6.45, 9.45 p.m.
CHEN: Blazing Sands
EDEN: City Terror (also at 10.30 a.m.)
EDISON: Le Bonnes de mon Amour
HABIRAH: Sapphire (6.30, 6.45, 9 p.m.)
JERUSALEM: Our Girl Friday
OR GIL: The Girl and the Pearl
ORION: All The Young Men (also at 10.30 a.m.)
RON: Man From Colorado (also at 10.30 a.m.)
SEMADAR: Hiroshima Mon Amour (evenings only).
STUDIO: Carry On Nurse
TEL OR: Le Fievre Mont A Bi Pas
ZION: Five Branded Women

TEL AVIV
ALLENBY: The Jayhawkers (1.30, 7.15, 9.30)
ARMON DAVID: The F.B.I. Story
BEN YEHUDA: Mi Ultimo Tango (4, 7.15, 9.30)
CHEN: They Were Ten (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
EDEN: Without Shelter
ESTHER: Home from the Hill
GAT: L'Amerique Insolite (1.30, 7.15, 9.30)
HOD: L'Ange Sale
HAKIM: My Wife's Lover (4, 7.30, 9.30)
HIGDALOR: Scampolo (3.30, 7.30, 9.30)
HOGRABI: Never Take Candy From A Stranger (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
OPHIR: Une Fille pour L'Ete
ORION: A Summer Place
PARIS: La Generalle Della Rovere
PEER: Ashes and Diamonds
RAMAT GAN: Conspiracy of Hearts (7.15, 9.30); Gun Smoke (4 p.m.)
SHDEROTH: The Trials of Oscar Wilde
TAMAR: Mambo Bar (10, 12, 2, 4, 7.15, 9.15)
TCHERLET: Fire, Love
TEL AVIV Wild River (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
YARON: The Apartment
ZAFON: The Royal Ballet (4.30, 9.15).
ZAMIR: Pimpernel Smith (4, 7.30, 9.30)

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: The Story of Ruth (4, 6.45, 9.15)
ARMON: The Passionate Stranger
ATZMON: A Summer Place (evenings at 6.45, 9.15)
EN DOR: The Flame and the Arrow (6.45, 9)
GAL ON: Joan of Arc
MAY: They Came to Cordura
MIRON: Femme d'un Eig
MORIAH: Beyond This Place (6.45, 9)
ORAH: Ring Without End
ORION: Escape from Fort Bravo
ORLY: A Question of Adultery (6.45, 9)
PEER: Le Destructeur

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Wim Ten-Philippo
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22/11; 26/11
La Forza del Destino: 27/11
FLEDERMAUS: Tues. 29/11
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Tickets at the Box Office:
10.30-1; 4.30-8. Tel. 67761.
Pen. Ramat Gan: Gruenberger, Haifa.

VISITORS' GALLERY: Manuel Seoane

Idealist, Diplomat, Journalist, National Leader

Peru's Ambassador to Holland, Mr. Manuel Seoane (left), at Beit Hanassi, when he was received by President Ben-Zvi. He was accompanied by Mr. Avraham Darom (right), Director of the Foreign Ministry's Latin-American Division. Mr. Seoane left the country on Monday.

In the late 'twenties several Lima university students from aristocratic and well-to-do families were exiled by the Peruvian authorities. The only charge brought against them was that they were planning activities against the country's rich and exploiting oligarchy. Some of them gathered in neighbouring Chile and founded one of Latin America's most significant social and political movements — *APRA — Alliance Popular Revolucionaria Americana.*

Manuel Seoane, the son and grandson of Peruvian Ambassadors, and President of the Student Union at the time, joined this group and soon became one of APRA's most prominent leaders. Today Mr. Seoane is himself Peru's Ambassador to Holland, and only several days after his sixtieth birthday he came on his first visit to "the country of the people that made idealism the main aim of its life and whose chief weapon is its spirit and intelligence."

He is soon to return home from his tour of duty abroad to begin preparing for the 1962 general elections, when the APRA party will for the first time nominate a Presidential candidate of its own and also be permitted to run its candidates for parliament. Mr. Seoane, the distinguished looking "popular" statesman and diplomat, is then most likely to become Peru's main Presidential candidate, should APRA's spiritual leader, Haya de la Torre, prefer to stay out of active politics.

Although the founders of APRA had returned to Peru from their exile in 1930 and the Apristas soon showed they were the country's majority party, it was outlawed and forced to work illegally during most of these thirty years. The dominating traditional alliance of the rural and commercial aristocracy, which ruled Peru almost throughout, feared the only party that challenged the *status quo* of semi-feudal land tenure forms, exploited share-croppers and cheap semi-slave labour methods in the country's rich mining districts.

Social Reformer

The main victims of this system are the native Indians, who make up almost one half of Peru's 10 million population, and APRA is primarily demanding their incorporation into Peru's civic and political life.

His eyes light up with a gleam of the visionary, but he explains in terms of the down-to-earth realistic statesman that: "The future of our civilisation is in liberty, in the victory of the occident by pacific means. The occident means Europe and the U.S. while Latin America is the weak underside of the U.S. Cuba is only an example of how Latin America may fall down, and in the precarious balance of power in the world, Latin America, with its 200 million people today, is the most important continent."

Continuing his passionate plea for a free and democratic Latin America, Mr. Seoane emphasized: "In Africa with its over 30 countries with mostly artificial borders and without basic experience, it will take many years for the newly freed populations to grasp the broad concept of liberty. Therefore Africa will be balancing between the big powers for a long time, while Latin America has no real "Russian problem." More than half of Latin America's people stem from Europe and want to believe in liberty and democracy. It is useful and important to assist Africa, but not at the expense of Latin America."

It is there that he sees the special role of Israel whose "example and stimulation to underdeveloped countries is also needed in Latin America. Your country's experience in collective and cooperative farming is highly important for our backward and exploited rural areas. This applies also to Israel's knowhow in irrigation and the desalination of water." In this connection Mr. Seoane was particularly pleased to hear Foreign Minister Golda Meir's offer to accept trainees from Peru in Israel institutions of learning.

"The Hebrew-Jewish spirit always represented man's ability to rise to ever greater moral heights and contributed great moral values to the world from its earliest history. In this age of science Israel again serves as a living example of the heroic determination of the human spirit and its victory over the myth of naked power and materialism."

Learn from Israel

An ardent believer in the future of the Zionist cause, Mr. Seoane first met Dr. Chaim Weismann in 1947 in New York, when the latter rallied international support for the establishment of the Jewish State. "Now we want to learn from your State's experience in the integration of many different communities. For Latin America too wants to build a society which will truly integrate the numerous races and nationalities that have forgathered on this tremendous continent."

A journalist by profession most of his life, Mr. Seoane founded "La Tribuna," APRA's main organ, which, like the party, was outlawed many times. But after the last elections in 1956, which President Manuel Prado won with the support of the then still illegal APRA, both "La Tribuna" and the party were legalized again, President Prado represented a strong segment of Peru's economic aristocracy which believed that the changes advocated by the Apristas were bound to come sooner or later and that it would be better for them to come peacefully and in a democratic manner. Mr. Seoane is convinced that President Prado will be strong enough to maintain democratic rule until the next elections in 1962, when, after a 30-year-long struggle, APRA will finally be given a chance to implement its ideas and ascend to full political leadership.

ARI RATH

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
490, 250.4, 240 & 200 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 3.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service. 6.10 Musical Clock (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.55 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Programme Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Dvorak: Scherzo Capriccioso, opus 66, Bruch: Violin Concerto No. 1 in G-minor, opus 26 (Soloist: Erika Morini); Tchaikowsky: Suite from "The Slippers"; Grieg: March. 12.00 Woman's Programme. 12.30 Hebrew Songs. 12.45 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Programme Announcements. 5.06 "Be'oolei Torah" talk with Yehuda Leib Girshi. 5.15 Three Concert-Arias by Mozart, performed by Waldemar Kmentt (Tenor) with the Vienna Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Bernard Paumgartner. 5.30 Youth Corner. 6.00 Daily News Service for the Agriculturer. 6.05 Hebrew Language Corner. 6.20 Aaron Copland (born November 14, 1900). 7.30 Request for Songs & Dances. 7.40 "At the Histadrut." 8.00 The Radio Magazine. 8.05 Orchestral Arrangements of Oriental Songs & Melodies. 8.20 "Once Upon a Time" — Electric Corp. Veteran Workers Meet. 8.45 Bible Reading: Shmuel 1, chaps. 25 & 26. 8.55 Announcements. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.29 Spot Announcements. 9.30 Opera: Verdi: "Don Carlos" — Part Two (recording from the Salzburg Festival 1960) performed by: The Choir of Vienna State Opera House, The Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra; Conductor: Nello Santi; Soloists: Boris Christoff, Eugene Fernandi, Elore Bastiniani, Rafaele Arigliano, Sesto Purinac and Regula Resnik. 10.30 "A Moment of Poetry". 10.35 Literary Corner. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
600, 192.7, 428.5 M.

Commercial Programme: 3.00 p.m. News. 5.03 Opening Announcements. 5.05 Melodies. 5.40 Jazz. 5.55 News & Weather Forecast. 6.00 New Records. 6.15 The Adventures of Ellery Queen. 6.30 Close Down.

9.30 Opening. 9.31 "Entertainment 1960"—Weekly Programme ed. by T. Alish & S. Rosen; Presented by T. Shmueli. 10.15 Nations' Songs. 10.45 Quiet Music. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 4.30 Hungarian. 5.45 Hungarian. 6.45 French. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Hebrew-Yiddish Lesson. 8.15 News in Easy History. 8.30 Yiddish. 8.50 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
397 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-3.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (32.2 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Tune of the Week. 10.30 Read All About; A Visit to the Offices of the Evening Paper Ma'ariv.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 From the Federation. 7.00 Composers of Israel: Paul Ben Haim.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 228 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Songs at your Request. 6.40 Star of the Evening. 6.58 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Know the Orchestral Instrument" — the Horn. 7.30 Musical Miniatures. 8.00 "Jazz Club." 8.30 "Army's Diary." 8.45 Military Music. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Merry Rhythm". 9.30 "Brothers in Arms". 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (31.25, 25.13 & 19.51 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. In the Jewish World.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 3.00 & 4.00 a.m. News: United Nations in Action — On-the-Scene Coverage of the U.N. Proceedings. 5.00 News: Commentators' Digest. 6.00 Report to Europe; News; Retiring Red Cross official tells of World Relief Work. 7.00 Report to Africa; News; U.N. Radio Report on British Cameroons Movement towards Self-Determination. 1.00 p.m. Report to South Asia; News; Interview with Indian Journalist Ranganath Dvakar in U.S. on Gov't Affairs Institute Trip. 2.00 News; News Analysis. 2.15 American Journal the Artists Mart — Buying or Renting Paintings or Sculpture. 3.00 Repeat of 2.00. 3.15 Report to Middle East "Problems of Emerging Areas". 4.00 News; Commentators' Digest. 5.00 Report to Middle East; News; Repeat of 3.15. 5.30 Listener's Log (Eroldient's News Conference). 6.00 Report to Africa; News; Feature. Repeat of 7.00 a.m. 6.30 Repeat of 2.15. 6.45 Journalists' Digest. 7.00 News in Special English. 7.15 Music, U.S.A. (popular) pianist Andre Previn and Strings. 8.00 News in Special English. 8.15 Music, U.S.A. (Jazz) — Andre Previn Interview. 9.00 News; News Analysis. 9.15 New Horizons in Science — to be announced. 9.30 The U.S. in Space — Communications by Artificial Satellites. 10.00 News; News Analysis. 10.15 American Journal (Repeat of 2.15).

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION. — English Programme (434 & 498 M.): News: 7.30 a.m. 1.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m. 9.45 a.m. The Cyril Cole Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Housewives' Choice. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Strange Last Words. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 The Melody Dance Band. 10.30 Edmundo Ros. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Women's Magazine. 12.00 Mid-day Melodies. 1.15 p.m. "The Name to Share." 2.00 Wednesday Matinee. 6.45 The Lanlin Programme. 7.15 : Give and Be-quoth. 10.00 Emergency. 10.15 Stars of Jazz. 10.30 Teller of Tales.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• **Tours:** —
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for the tour by phoning 24061. Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibition. 10, 11.30. Open 9-5.

• **Film Shows:** —
Israel films — daily showings: Keren Hayesod Hall, 12-1 p.m.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Jerusalem Artists House with Municipality Dept. of Education and Culture: Exhibition of paintings by G. Krakauer-Wolf and of drawings by Shmuel Katz. 12-1, 4-7.

Fima — Exhibition of oils and gouaches 1958-60. Rina Gallery, 12 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka. Tel. 23523. 9-1; 4-7; 9-11.30.

Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 28737. Purchases mailed upon request. 8-1; 3-7.

"Israel Today", permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma. 10-1; 4-6.

Bezalel National Museum: Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Drawings by the Dutch artist Paul Citroen. "Through the Archway" — drawings by Gabriella Rosenthal. Jewish Textiles — from the Museum's collection. German prints of the 16th century — from the Museum's Collection. 9-1, 2.30-5.

Bezalel Art Library: Books on primitive modern painting (from Henri Rousseau to Camille Bombois). New acquisitions. 9-1; 2.30-5.

Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions: colour plates of UNESCO books, "Israel — Ancient mosaics." New coin board of Alexander. Excavations at Tel Mor, Mesad Hashavyahu. Pottery brought from Lake Tiberias by the Link expedition. Also permanent exhibition of antiquities. 9-1, 2-5.

• **Zoo:** —
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

TEL AVIV

• **Theatre:** —
Little English Theatre: "The Boy Friend." Z.O.A. House, 8.30

• **Yiddish Theatre:** —
S. Daigan in "Frish, Gesund und Meshugge." Mograbi, 8.30.

• **Paris Ice Ballet:** —
Kikar Hamedina, 4.30, 8.30.

• **Mick Mickeyl Show:** —
The renowned French songstress with the Edwardo y Navarra Spanish Ballet Troupe, Habimah, farewell performance, 8.30 p.m.

• **Israel National Opera:** —
"Kiss Me Kate," 8.30 p.m.

• **Dine and Dance:** —
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholom Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 52973.

Lucky's Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd. Tel. 59753. Chef di Cucina Italiano, menu IL4.50

• **Tours:** —
Bar Ilan University: conducted tours (9-8 daily, except Saturdays and holidays). Tel. 72380.
Meeting Hapoalot, Pioneer Women tour daily from Sunday to Wednesday, 9 a.m. from the Ya'ad Hapoel Bldg., 29 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv. Tel: 21911.

• **Tourist Service:** —
Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel: 28239.
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
Z.O.A. House, 9 a.m.-9 p.m. daily.

• **Zoological Gardens:** —
Open 9 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Helena Rubinstein pavilion: Contemporary French Art Exhibition (112 paintings by 60 leading French artists, sent by the French Government). 10-1; 4-9.

Dizengoff House: — Abraham Naton Memorial Exhibition, examples from all periods of his paintings. 10-1; 4-9.

Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'Aretz (near Ramat Aviv). 1-9.

Z.O.A. House, exhibition of oil paintings by Daphna & Dizengoff 20 8.30.—9 p.m.

HAIFA

• **Tourist Centre:** —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 22 Hehaluts, Tel. 4878, 67965.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Office Furniture and Supplies Exhibition, Nov. 1—Dec. 1. Beit Hakranot Exhibition Centre: daily, 10-1; 4-7, Tuesday open until 9 p.m. Friday, 1 p.m. Entrance free.

Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Sderot Hanassi, flowers in Japanese art. 10-1; 4-7.

Museum of Modern Art, Town Hall, "French Graphic Art", 10-1, 4-7.

BEERSHEBA

• **Where to Dine:** —
Eat well and in comfort at the air-conditioned Beit Ha'am Restaurant, Sheber Community Centre.

HOLON

• **Theatre:** —
Habimah: "Threepenny Opera"

KIRYAT BIALIK

• **Theatre:** —
Habimah: "Long Day's Journey Into Night."

Soviets Win Twin Title in Volleyball

RIO DE JANEIRO. — The Soviet Union completed a tournament double by winning the men's world volleyball championship here on Monday night.

A day earlier, the Soviet team won the women's title with five wins in five matches. The men beat Brazil 15-9, 15-13, 15-5, 15-11, to give them a similar 100 per cent record of nine wins in nine games.

Czechoslovakia came second with eight wins and one loss, and Rumania was third with seven wins and two losses. Poland was fourth, winning seven and losing two.

Fifth place was decided on points, Brazil and Hungary won four and lost five, but the former won the place, scoring 427 and was scored upon 419 times. *(Reuter, AP)*

Mali Group Here On Study Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT.—A group of 14 professionals, including several physicians and a veterinarian, from the Mali Republic, arrived here on Monday for advanced training on Foreign Ministry scholarships. They will study Hebrew at Ulpan Akiva in Natanya after which three will continue at the Afro-Asian Institute and the other 11 will study agricultural cooperation, civil aviation, education and other subjects. *(Ilim)*

Belgian Group Here On Long-Weekend

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Israel may be becoming a week-end retreat for Europeans judging by the group of 71 Belgians who arrived here last week aboard a chartered BIAS plane. After touring the country the week-enders were back in the airport Sunday evening ready for the return flight. The total cost of the trip was $170. *(Ilim)*

A NEW Kupat Holim clinic was opened in Shchuna Bet in Beersheba yesterday, the seventh clinic to be opened by Kupat Holim in this city at a total cost of some IL1m.

Press Information Office To New Home in T.A.

TEL AVIV. — The Government Press, the Censor and Military Spokesman yesterday completed their move from their old premises at Beit Hadar into their new building at 3, Rehov Itamar Ben Avi, adjoining Beit Sokolow here.

Three of the four storeys of the attractive new building will be occupied by the P.I.O. and the Censor.

A modern, well-equipped photographic laboratory is on the ground floor. The journalists' "work room" is brightly lit with flourescent lighting, and will have five telephone lines. There are also two public telephones.

The Censorship will from today on operate "mofex" equipment, which transfers photographed cables to the post office within a minute, replacing the cumbersome messenger boy system at Beit Hadar.

Some 30 foreign correspondents use the P.I.O. offices on normal days.

U.S. Envoy In Ghana Served in Israel

Mr. Francis H. Russell, former Counsellor to the U.S. Embassy in Israel has been appointed U.S. Ambassador to Ghana. He replaced Mr. Wilson C. Flake who resigned last week.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

WEDNESDAY
All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: T.W.A. 800 from Chicago, New York, Paris., Rome and Athens — 2060. B.E.A. 135 from London, Rome and Athens — 2060. Sabena 571 from Brussels, Vienna and Athens — 2155. B.O.A.C. 304 from London and Geneva — 2200. Air France 138 from Paris and Rome — 2240. Swissair 330 from Zurich, Geneva and Athens — 2255. El Al 414 from Vienna and Rome — 2355.

DEPARTURES: El Al 413 to Rome and Vienna — 0900. Olympic 825 to Athens — 0950. Cyprus Air 23 to Nicosia — 1000. Air France 135 to Rome and Paris — 1055. Cyprus Air 07 to Nicosia — 2220. B.O.A.C. 304 to Teheran — 2245. Air France 138 to Teheran — 0020 (Thursday).

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Gibert, 12 Rehov Haari, Kiryat Shmuel, 33676.
TEL AVIV: Breiman, 56 Allenby, 62252. Ora, 99 Dizengoff, 23320. Yehuda Halevi, 91 Yehuda Halevi, 65159. Maccabi, New Maccabi Qtr., 21387.
JAFFA: Eriyut, 6 No. 3 St., 63533. BAT YAM: Hehaluts, 8 Hahalutsim. HOLON: Ribek, Kikar Struma. PETAH TIKVA: Pinsker, 2 Pinsker. HERZLIYA: Klibner, 21 Teller.
RAMAT GAN: Talpiot, 30 Abba Hillel, Gefen Qtr., Herzliya Rd., 73654.
HAIFA: Rashi 36 Bar Giora, 68366.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Catlan, 11 Rehov Hapalmach. Dr. Zepler, Shikun Sela, 13/2, Kiryat Yovel. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Bisen, 5 Shimshon, 28748. Dr. Garman, 28 Frishman, corner 30 Syrkin. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff, 27027. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlosoroff, 81900. Dr. Simon, 46 Keren Kayemet.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 2486.

Cables in Brief

RICE.—A shipload of 97,937 bags of rice from Shanghai has landed in Havana. This shipment was the first of a purchase "which fills Cuba's rice needs for 1960 and 1961," the Havana paper, "Revolucion," reported.

REPARATIONS. — Japan announced on Tuesday it had reached an agreement with Indonesia to supply that country with more than $38m. worth of goods and service during the third-year period of their reparations programme ending March 31 next year.

ACTOR. — Walter Catlett, 71, veteran of a half century in show business, died on Monday in the Motion Picture Country Home in Hollywood. He had been characterized as a fidgety, owl-eyed comic in scores of movie roles. He appeared in such heavy drama as "A Tale of Two Cities" and the light comedy, "The Inspector General."

GENERAL. — Gen. Sir Edward Pellew Quinan, Commander of the (British Commonwealth) Tenth Army in Iraq and Persia in World War II and a legendary figure in pre-war skirmishes along the old Indian North-West Frontier, died in London on Sunday, aged 75. He served for 38 years in the Indian sub-continent, largely in Waziristan, now part of Pakistan.

THE JERUSALEM DIAMOND CENTRE
announces
the lease of sales premises for
Diamond polishing and auxiliary instruments
Particulars are available at the Jerusalem Economic Corporation Ltd., Rehov Sarei Israel, Romema, Jerusalem, during working hours, 7.30 a.m. — 3 p.m. Offers should be submitted by 12 noon on November 30, 1960.
The Corporation is not bound to accept the highest or any other offer.
Jerusalem Economic Corporation Ltd.

FOR SALE
to Diplomat or Temporary Resident
4-band Radio; Toastmaster Pop-up automatic toaster; G.E. 12" Electric Fan; Westinghouse Steam Iron. All 230 V, brand new. Write No. 333, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

ZOA House
PRESENTS ITS
U.S. THANKSGIVING DAY DINNER
Thursday, November 24, 7.30 p.m.
Complete with the traditional menu.
Reservations should be placed at Z.O.A. House, Daniel Frish St., Tel. Aviv. Phone 21141/3

OPPORTUNITY FOR TRAINED INTELLIGENCE INVESTIGATOR
to establish branch office in South America. Must be familiar with the latest techniques and equipment. Knowledge of English essential. Submit curriculum vitae in English. Give full details in first letter, including age, experience, photograph and salary desired. All replies kept in strictest confidence. Inexperienced persons need not apply.
Write to No. 10, P.O.B. 1144, Tel Aviv.

EASTERN REGION OF NIGERIA
CIVIL ENGINEERS
Applications are invited from suitably qualified civil engineers to fill several vacancies in the Ministry of Works. Engineers are required who will specialize in either roads and bridges or in water supply.
Salary will depend on qualifications and experience and will be in the range, £1,614 to £2,166 a year.
Generous leave and allowances.
For details and conditions of appointment apply to the Recruitment Officer, Office of the Commissioner for Eastern Region of Nigeria, 9, Northumberland Avenue, LONDON, W.C.2.

Ministry of Transport Division of Shipping and Ports Department for Naval Training
Zim, Israel Navigation Company Ltd. Manpower Department Officers' Section

Registration of Candidates for Training for Officers' Ranks in the Engine Room of the Israel Merchant Navy

GRADUATES OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS, 3 years' study, after military service, will be accepted for training for Officers' ranks in the Israel Merchant Navy. Candidates will sail for a year and a half as cadets in the engine room of Zim ships. After this period they will sit the Ministry of Transport qualifying examinations for the rank of Third Engineer.

REGISTRATION at the Manpower Department, Officers Section, Zim Co., 2nd floor, 54 Derekh Ha'atzmaut, Haifa, every day between 3 and 4 p.m., except Tuesdays and Fridays.

On registration candidates should present certificates on vocational education, Army demobilization papers and credentials.

DEVALUATION— YES OR NO?

Over 35 years ago, the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company of Canada introduced to this country the modern conception of Life Insurance as developed on the North American Continent — The Whole Life Policy — providing the highest amount of insurance protection for a given premium. For obvious reasons, this system appealed to the Israel public and the vast majority of our policies are being issued on this plan.

The problem of the devaluation of the Israel Pound is being widely discussed by economists and causes a certain amount of anxiety to a wide sector of the population and amongst them to owners of Life Insurance policies. In case of devaluation they will want to balance their family obligations by additional insurance, but worry if their state of health will then make them eligible.

This problem has now been solved, and we are pleased to announce that taking into consideration the special conditions prevailing in Israel, the Company has issued Clause No. 1353, which will automatically be included in all Preferred Whole Life Participating and Non-Participating policies issued from September 15, 1960 onwards for the amount of IL12,500 or more. This clause grants options to purchase additional insurance on the same plan without evidence of insurability, if the Israel Pound is devalued in relation to the United States Dollar.

By a resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Company on the 15. 9. 1960, this option will also be granted to owners of existing Ordinary Life Participating and Non-Participating policies in Israel Pounds, in force, with a sum insured of at least IL12,500 on that date. A copy of this resolution is available to policy-holders through the offices of the Company.

The advantage of this option is obvious: having decided on the amount of Life Insurance needed, you will pay the low "Whole Life" premium for that amount only; in case of devaluation, there will be four months during which to decide whether you wish to purchase additional insurance, and if so the Policy will be issued by the Company irrespective of your state of health; the additional premium becomes payable only from the inception of your increased insurance.

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA
INSURANCE IN FORCE OVER 3000 MILLION DOLLARS

Ask for the NO WORRY Clause in our WHOLE LIFE Policies

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RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar 81 Rehov Bialik.
Advertisements also accepted through all recognised agencies.

Where to Stay

TEL AVIV

Park Hotel 75 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23206. Centre of Tel Aviv on the Sea Shore. Comfortable rooms with telephone, hot and cold water, private bath and w.c. Excellent Kosher Cuisine. Rav. Natanya METROPOLE. MOTEL, Tel. 2768, open all the year. Special Tourist Service. Central Heating.

Business Offers

IN A NEW building, centre of Tel Aviv, 41 Rehov Pereta: offices, halls, shops, flats 2 for sale. Immediate occupancy, easy terms. Apply: above address.

Dwellings

VISITING professor will require furnished house or apartment (with 3 bedrooms) in Jerusalem for 1 year, from July 1, 1961 to June 30, 1962. Good location, write: No. 27491, P.O.B. 81 Jerusalem.

NEW FLAT to let for one year, 2-3 rooms, Montefiore, telephone, furnished/unfurnished, apply Room 208, 2 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Jerusalem, or phone 24833.

MODERN nicely furnished room, centrally situated, for tourist or single gentleman. Phone 65688, Tel Aviv.

WANT TO buy Villa with 4-5 rooms, luxury, garden, ¼ dunam, in Herzliya Pituah. No. 408, P.O.B. 11207, Tel Aviv.

BARGAIN, for sale, 2½-room flat with hall. Immediate occupancy. Phone 81870, Haifa. No agents.

Lost—Found

LOST, American Pass. No. 632791, in name of Louis Tan. Return to Ze'ev Steinfeld, 20 Rehov Reishit Hokhma, Ahva, Jerusalem, or to nearest police station.

Purchase—Sale

FOR SALE, girl's bicycle (suitable for ages 5-8), excellent condition. Apply No. 135, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

FOR SALE new English "Fireside" Heater, new "Armstrong" Electric Rotary Iron. Apply: 43 Rehov Yehuda Halevi (room 6), Tel. 67436, Tel Aviv.

Radios-Gramophones

FOR SALE radio-gramophone (Columbia changer). Excellent condition. Apply No. 138, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Situations Wanted

FIRST-CLASS shorthand typist wishes to change situation (mornings). Apply: No. 619, P.O.B. 4333, Tel Aviv.

EXPERIENCED lady administrator, independent correspondent, English, Hebrew, French, general office routine, specialised in import-export procedures, seeks interesting and well-paid position. Apply: No. 5412, P.O.B. 1128, Tel Aviv.

PERFECT English-Hebrew typist seeks position from 1.30 p.m. Please apply P.O.B 3467, Tel Aviv.

EFFICIENT, reliable English-Hebrew Secretary-Typist seeks part-time employment. Please write No. 5003, P.O.B. 1128, Tel Aviv.

Vehicles

WISH to buy private car, 1953-54, reasonable price. Phone 23262, Jerusalem.

FIAT 1100, 1958 model, excellent condition, for sale. No Agents. Tel. 28211, Jerusalem; 9.30-12.30, 4.30-6.30.

FOR SALE: 1947 Rover, good condition, Phone 21417, Jerusalem.

UNIQUE bargain for tourist! For sale, 1956 Mercedes-Benz, Model 220, six cylinders, $1,100. Pitsuak, 151 Dizengoff, Tel Aviv, 1-6 p.m.

The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy with drop in temperatures.
Weather Synopsis: Cool air mass penetrating into Eastern Mediterranean.

	C	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	16	15—23	14—30
Tiberias	26	13—30	21—28
Haifa Port	73	21—28	20—2
Natanya	25	20—30	20—1
T.A. Kirya	29	14—28	17—26
T.A. Port	62	19—28	15—26
Lydda Airp.	28	14—30	14—29
Jerusalem	2	17—23	15—21
Beersheba	41	17—29	14—27
Eilat	26	19—32	18—30

ARRIVALS

Mr. Boris Danman, President of the "Beth-El" congregation of Sao Paulo, Brazil, to study investment possibilities.

Mr. Yitshak Kaner, Chairman of Kupat Holim, from New Delhi, after lecturing on social security administration at the Asian Training Seminar.

Arab Refugees Said 'Cloud over Peace'

UNITED NATIONS. — The Arab refugee problem "overshadows every major decision and action in the Middle East, and hangs as a cloud over the peace of the world," the U.N. was warned on Monday by Mr. John Davis, Director of UNRWA.

He said he could not foresee "a satisfactory political solution" of the Arab-Israel disputes. Mr. Davis declared that even if such a development were to come "relatively soon," the international community would still be burdened with the responsibility of aiding the Arab refugees "for a decade or longer."

This is so, he maintained, "because of the difficult problem of helping refugees to become employable." That problem, he held, "becomes progressively greater with each passing year."

Mr. Davis made his statement before the General Assembly's Special Political Committee, after presenting to the group his annual report which he had made public six weeks ago. After making his statement, in which he asked for money for major expansion of vocational training courses for young Arab refugees, the Committee adjourned its refugee debate until yesterday afternoon (Tuesday night, Israel time).

Mr. Davis said the number of refugees' dependants continued to increase by about 30,000 a year and that resentment and bitterness continued unabated.

A new element expected to enter the refugee debate this year is expected to revolve around an effort by a Palestine refugee, Emil Ghoury, to get permission to represent the "Arabs of Palestine" before the Committee. Ghoury is a representative of the former Mufti of Jerusalem.

On the other hand, it is known that both the UAR and Jordan are against permitting him a seat at the Committee table.

World Rehabilitation Fund Head On Visit

Dr. Howard A. Rusk, President of the World Rehabilitation Fund, arrived in Israel yesterday via Mandelbaum Gate on a four-day mission. He plans to study suitable projects for rehabilitation research to be carried out with the help of U.S. Government grants.

Dr. Rusk is also Chairman of the Department of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation at New York University and Associate Editor of the New York Times. He is accompanied by Dr. Peter Stratis, Director of International Training in Rehabilitation of the Institute of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation.

Dr. Rusk was received yesterday afternoon by the Minister of Labour, Dr. G. Josephthal, and by the Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai.

Leviatov, Development Bank Head, Dead at 65

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The sudden death of Mr. Yehuda Leviatov, General Director of the Industrial Development Bank of Israel, was reported yesterday. Mr. Leviatov collapsed in his office here yesterday afternoon. He died, reportedly of heart failure, half-an-hour later.

He is survived by his wife and a married son. His daughter, Zahara, fell in action during the War of Liberation.

Leviatov was born in Priluki, in the Ukraine, in December 1895. He came to this country in 1919 and was a founder of kibbutz Kiryat Anavim. He was a promoter of several economic enterprises sponsored by the Histadrut, and was a founder of "Ormit" Ltd.

He served on missions abroad on behalf of Zionist institutions, notably the Jewish National Fund, and was a delegate to Zionist Congresses at Vienna and Lucerne. In 1957, he was appointed by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry as assistant manager of the "Israel Industrial Institute."

Leviatov took a keen interest in affairs of *The Jerusalem Post* and recently agreed to serve on its Board of Directors.

Gilat Funeral

The funeral of Dr. Shmuel Gilat (Gottlieb), Economic Counsellor at the Israel Embassy in London, will take place at 3 p.m. today, from the Hadassah hospital in Tel Aviv. Gilat died in London on Sunday at the age of 52.

Dr. Gilat's remains arrived last night by El Al plane from London.

Ben-Zvi to Open I.U.L.A. Conference in T.A. Today

By MARK SEGAL, Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—President Ben-Zvi will formally open the Congress of the International Union of Local Authorities at the Habimah Theatre here today. This will be the first congress of the organization ever held outside Europe.

The flag of West Germany will fly for the first time in the State of Israel alongside the flags of the 23 other delegations. The Mayor of Berlin, Mr. Willie Brandt, will mark the event when he hands over the IULA flag to Mayor Mordecai Namir, of Tel Aviv, who has been chosen to lead the Israel delegation to the Congress.

Herut City Councillors have informed Mr. Namir that they will boycott the entire proceedings of the Congress because of West German participation.

Dr. Mordechai Nurock, M.K., (N.R.P.), yesterday wrote to Mr. Namir declining an invitation to the opening ceremony at the Mann Auditorium because of the presence of German delegates.

One Step Closer To Stepney

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The leader of the Stepney Metropolitan Council in London, Councillor J. Olley, told the Givatayim councillors that he had special reason to feel very much at home there.

As a member of the 17-man British delegation to the IULA Congress, to whom the Givatayim Municipality played host yesterday, he was introduced to Councillors by the names of Goldberg and Reinstein. Mr. Olley informed them that in Stepney, too, there were two councillors by the names of Goldberg and Reinstein.

He brought greetings from the Jewish Mayor of Stepney, Mrs. Annie Elbox. Mr. Olley estimated that between 15,000 and 20,000 Jews still lived in Stepney today, of a total population of nearly 100,000.

Most of the 600 delegates had arrived by last night. Most of them are staying at the Accadia, Sharon, and Validor Hotels in Herzliya, and the Ramat Aviv Hotel in Tel Aviv. Peltours Travel Agency is organizing the entire touring aspect of the Congress.

Among a group of 60 delegates which arrived last night from the U.S. was Mr. Frederick Mann, of Philadelphia, after whom the Mann Auditorium in Tel Aviv is named.

The participation of most of the five-member Indian delegation is in doubt following receipt of a letter explaining that they "were in financial difficulties." This was reported at a special press conference held yesterday by the organizers of the Congress.

Tribute to Agron

The President of the I.U.L.A. Dr. P. J. Oud, said, speaking of the late Mayor of Jerusalem Gershon Agron: "I feel it is most apt that we hold our meeting in the hall named after Mr. Agron, a most distinguished member of our Executive, whose memory lives with us. It is rare to find in one person a combination of a fine local administrator and a distinguished journalist." The Chairman of the Israel Union, Mr. M. Surkis, also paid tribute to Gershon Agron and pointed out that it was mainly due to the late Mayor's efforts that the Conference was being held in Israel.

Dr. Oud noted that this would be the last Congress over which he would preside, after having held office since the International was revived in 1949. Although a maximum of 300 delegates had been expected to make the trip to Israel, double that number had come "because your country attracted them all," he said. The President said the Congress would discuss "the task of local authorities in development areas" for which Israel was so suitable a site.

In reply to a question, Mr. Surkis denied that special security arrangements had been asked for the German delegation. "They are free as all other delegates to go where they wish," he observed, adding that the police will provide only the usual supervision for such public events.

The Mayor of Colombo, Mr. M. H. Mohamed, and Mrs. Mohamed were received yesterday by Mayor Namir. Mr. Mohamed, who is Chairman of the Ceylonese Union of Local Authorities, presented Mr. Namir with a silver platter as a gift on behalf of his city. Colombo is not a member of IULA but Mr. Mohamed and three other Ceylonese delegates came at the invitation of Mr. Namir.

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion is scheduled to address the closing session next Tuesday.

Brandt to Work For 'Normal' Ties

By H. BEN-ADI
Jerusalem Post Reporter

DIMONA. — Mayor Willy Brandt of West Berlin told *The Jerusalem Post* in an exclusive interview here yesterday that he and his political colleagues will do everything possible to establish normal relations with Israel — as with every other country — if their party (the Social Democrats) comes to power.

Mr. Brandt said he did not wish to criticize the present regime in his country because of the lack of diplomatic relations with Israel. He said he fully understood "the heavy shadow of the past", and the difficulty that the older generation had in building a bridge between the two countries.

He believed that Germany's youth, particularly its students, would build a strong tie with Israel and he hoped, in this connection, that there would be a considerable exchange of students between the two countries.

Situation 'Difficult'

There was a time, Mr. Brandt said, when Germany expected the initiative for establishment of normal relations to come from Israel. At present, he said, the situation is very difficult because of the division into East and West Germany. He declined to elaborate further on this.

In Jerusalem it was learned that Mayor Brandt is to call tomorrow on Prime Minister Ben-Gurion.

Yesterday morning, Mr. and Mrs. Brandt, accompanied by a Foreign Ministry official, flew by helicopter to Dimona where they were received by Mayor Almand Laredo. The party visited two textile plants and the Local Council after which they continued by air to Sde Boker. They were later the luncheon guests of Mayor David Touviahu in Beersheba's Bias House.

In the evening, Mr. and Mrs. Brandt were the dinner guests of Foreign Minister Golda Meir at her home in Jerusalem. Labour Minister Giora Josephthal and the Foreign Ministry Director-General, Dr. Haim Yahil, and their ladies, were among the guests.

After a meeting with Finance Minister Levi Eshkol in Jerusalem this morning, Mr. Brandt will leave for Tel Aviv for the opening of the IULA Congress. Tomorrow, he is to address a press conference in Tel Aviv.

B-G to Address Zionist Congress

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion has accepted a Jewish Agency invitation to address the forthcoming Zionist Congress opening in Jerusalem at the end of December, it is learned. He will speak on "The State of Israel and the Jewish People," on the second evening of the Congress.

The Rabbinical Assembly of America, an organization of Conservative rabbis, this week decided to send a fraternal delegation to the Congress. The Assembly represents 600 rabbis and 750,000 synagogue members, it was said.

Representatives of Mapai, Ahdut Ha'avoda, and Mapam are to meet next week to discuss the composition of the new Jewish Agency Executive, questions to be raised at the Congress, and general problems of the Zionist movement.

H.U. SCHOLARS EDIT 'NEW' BIBLE

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Work now under way on a complete scientific edition of the Hebrew Bible — the most completely annotated version ever to be attempted — was reported on yesterday, at a press conference in Jerusalem given by the Hebrew University.

To take decades until it is finished, the Bible is being prepared by the Hebrew University Bible Project. The first volume, the Book of Isaiah, is planned to appear before 1965.

The original text of the venerable Aleppo Codex of Ben Asher will be used as the text of the new Bible which in scope will far surpass the attempt to collect variant readings, made in Germany in the Biblical Hebraica.

The report on the Bible project was given by the University's President, Prof. B. Mazar.

The work on the Project is being carried out by an editorial board, consisting of Dr. M. Goshen — Gottestein (at present visiting Professor at Brandeis University), Prof. Haim Rabin, and Dr. S. Talmon. They are assisted by two Section Heads, Mr. E. Eliner and Dr. D. S. Loewinger, nine students, and several technical assistants.

The University Project is supported by the Ministry of Education, the Edmond James de Rothschild Memorial Group, the Lucius N. Littauer Foundation, and Mr. Charles Rosenbloom, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Eight Injured In Tel Aviv Accidents

TEL AVIV. — Eight persons were injured, two of them seriously, in two traffic accidents that occurred in North Tel Aviv on Monday morning.

At the intersection of Petah Tikva and Arlosoroff streets a Dan bus collided with a truck, injuring six bus passengers and the truck driver. Mrs. Hanna Asaria, 26, of Neve On, was taken, in serious condition, to Tel Hashomer Hospital.

In the second accident, Dr. Avraham Sternberg, 49, the driver of a private car, was also taken to Tel Hashomer Hospital with serious injuries when his vehicle ran into an army tender on the Natanya Road near the high school.

The two seriously injured are out of danger, it was reported by the hospital last night. *(Itim.)*

SERVICES for the fallen of the Sinai Campaign will be held tomorrow at the Har Herzl, Kiryat Shaul, and Haifa cemeteries. The Jerusalem service will start at 1 p.m. and the others at 3 p.m.

LUZ TO CONSULT CABINET ON CENSORSHIP 'MOTIONS'

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset Speaker, Mr. Kadish Luz, will confer with the Government on whether to permit the General Zionists to present their motion for the agenda on "infringement of freedom of the press by the censor."

Mr. Luz is understood to have said this in a conversation yesterday with Mr. S.Z. Abramov, who submitted the General Zionist motion. Mr. Abramov had earlier agreed not to demand a discussion of the motion on its merits, but simply to get up and move that the matter be referred to the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee.

The Speaker is understood to feel that the question is so "security-loaded" that it should not come before the plenum in any form.

On Monday, the Knesset Presidium discussed both the General Zionist Motion and one by Herut dealing specifically with the confiscation of "Ya'ad" for alleged security violations. Mr. Luz proposed that the motions be referred immediately to the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, which should decide whether they could be discussed in the plenum.

This was objected to by Deputy Speakers Aryeh Ben-Eliezer (Herut) and Ya'acov Greenberg (National Religious), who maintained that it was not the Committee's function to censor motions for the agenda.

A compromise was reached, whereby the Presidium proposed that the two motions be referred directly to the Foreign Affairs Committee "with the consent of the sponsors."

Herut Accepts

Yesterday, Herut informed the Presidium of its acceptance of this formula. Mr. Abramov, who on Monday announced that he had no intention of discussing either the confiscation of "Ya'ad" or any aspect of the "Lavon Affair," went further yesterday and agreed not to discuss his motion at all in the plenum, but to take the floor only to move that the motion go to the Foreign Affairs Committee.

However, he insisted on the right to present the motion himself from the Knesset rostrum and have the Knesset formally refer it to the Committee. This insistence was designed to demonstrate that there could be no censorship by the Committee, nor any behind-the-scenes, inter-faction agreement to by-pass the House.

This arrangement was not considered satisfactory by Mr. Luz, who said he would consult the Government.

Knesset Security Body To Await Rosen Report

The Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee yesterday unanimously approved the summing up by its Chairman, Mr. M. Argov, of the proceedings of the Committee's work on the "Lavon Affair."

The summation stated:
1. The Committee takes note of the Government's appointment of a Ministerial Committee on the "Affair."
2. The Committee also takes note of the statement by the chairman of the Ministerial Committee, Justice Minister P. Rosen, that he will report to the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee on the progress of the Ministerial Committee's work, and that it will complete its work at the earliest possible date.
3. The Committee defers discussion on the "Affair" until the Ministerial Committee concludes its work.
4. The Committee will discuss the security arrangements existing today.

At the beginning of the meeting, Mr. Rosen reported on the work of the Ministerial Committee.

Servatius Fees Queried in Knesset

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Minister of Justice Pinhas Rosen told the Knesset yesterday that he had not looked into the question of who is financing the defence of Adolf Eichmann.

Replying to a question by Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda (Ahdut-Ha'avoda), Mr. Rosen added that he saw no reason why he should go into the matter now.

On the other hand, the character of Eichmann's counsel, Dr. Robert Servatius, and of his past during the period of the Nazi regime had been investigated.

In his question, Mr. Bar-Yehuda noted that questions are now being asked in Germany as to who is paying Dr. Servatius' "quite large" fees.

Meanwhile, the second and third readings of the Amendment to the Advocates Ordinance, which would have the immediate effect of enabling Eichmann to appoint Dr. Servatius as his counsel, have been delayed. The reason is that Mapam has submitted an amendment, which the Coalition Executive would like it to withdraw.

130842 Wins IL30,000 In Popular Loan Draw

In the 19th Popular Loan drawing which took place Tuesday in Tel Aviv, the following numbers won prizes —

130842 mishne 2 IL30,000; 130842 mishne 1 — IL15,000; 118548 of both mishnes — IL4,000 each; 38681 and 128912 of both mishnes — IL1,000 each.

The following numbers of both mishnes won IL300 each: 27870, 96259, 12777, 61482, 112574, 75182, 132520, 16158, 133730, 47422, 82877, 84185, 52384, 86537, 4156, 95982, 125490, 91875, 136937, 143671, 140616, 116781, 145814, 109074, 80582.

The following numbers of both mishnes won IL100 each: 132595, 102309, 103780, 83180, 134942, 111228, 5972, 122875, 146590, 62230, 122933, 43292, 131452, 84245, 48194, 45708, 74832, 143516, 47409, 87063, 91218, 143611, 111898, 148467, 73218, 139457, 137726, 11668, 145309, 68873, 56138, 89606, 145588, 47871, 10973, 115136, 2685, 112704, 45630, 75189, 89483, 144508, 44278, 13079, 78295, 41451, 37788, 79067, 103794, 49933, 29477, 19459, 98154, 74701, 122179, 66409, 129747, 65748, 85282, 21742, 2209, 84522, 134385, 87233, 115912, 106120, 30589, 54394, 101836, 25497, 4785, 22228, 111048, 81062, 143134.

New Coalition Trouble

A stormy meeting of the Coalition Executive last night failed to come to agreement on the right of Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda to present motions for the agenda today dealing with the admission of youth movements to the schools.

Representatives of the two parties are understood to have refused to accept the view of the other Coalition parties that they should withdraw their motions in the interests of Coalition unity. Meanwhile, the two motions are included on the list of motions to be heard this morning.

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Police Extorted Confession, Salomon Claims

TEL AVIV.—"I did not kill my wife, Avigail, and I don't know who did," Zion Salomon stated yesterday before the Tel Aviv District Court. Salomon is charged with manslaughter in the strangulation-killing of his wife at kibbutz Givat Brenner in January 1959.

Asked by the Court whether he wished to testify under oath or to make a statement from his place, the accused said he wished to testify.

Replying to his lawyer's questions, Salomon said he had told police officer Gefen that although he did not kill his wife, he would plead guilty to a charge of manslaughter if his brother, Pinhas, was released from jail.

He said he did this because "I had been kept in solitary for a long time. No one, including members of the kibbutz, came to see me. Officer Shiloni questioned me with a pistol pointed at my head. He said he would kill me if I did not confess. He told me my father was ill, that my brother and sister were in jail and that my children were begging. He took a crush out of his pocket and said he would give it to my children when he went out."

He concluded: "Had I killed my wife, I would have pleaded guilty. I am a truthful man."

In Knesset Debate

In the Knesset yesterday, during the debate on another subject (Amendment to the Police Ordinance), Mr. Zvi Zimmerman (General Zionist) sharply criticised the police for having installed a listening device in Salomon's room at the kibbutz. He said he had yesterday raised the question in the Knesset Internal Affairs Committee as well.

Under cross examination, the witness said he did not believe in magic or in superstition. It was true that he did own a kind of charm that he brought from India but he had kept it in a closed case since he acquired it 15 years ago. Shown two books dealing with magic, the witness explained that he had acquired them some time ago to fill out his small library and that he saw no crime in owning them.

As to his statement to the police, Salomon said that he had not intended to plead guilty before the court. "I cannot lie when I did not kill my wife, even though I said I would take responsibility for the crime. I was sure then that the true criminal would be found by the time the trial began."

Q: "Were you prepared to confess because they told you that there was no capital punishment here"?

A. "I was prepared to sit in jail for a couple of years, if only they would release my brother. I am still prepared to do so even though I did not kill my wife. And this is because the police are not clever enough to find the real criminal."

To further questioning, he said he had not known that his wife had been unfaithful to him, although he had heard a great deal about this in court. He said he had lived happily with his wife. He did not know, he added, that men in the kibbutz and guests at the kibbutz rest home had flirted with his wife, although he was aware that men would compliment her on her beauty.

Q. "You didn't question her as to why she would return home late? You did not oppose her working in the rest home?"

A. "No."

Returning to the question of the witness' statement about Officer Shiloni, Salomon said that he had told no one of this because there was no one to tell. He had mentioned it to his first lawyer, but the latter "did not want to talk to me at all. I know why he did no want to speak with me. He is from the kibbutz and he wanted to involve me... they paid him for this."

Prosecutor: You are lying now as you lied about Shiloni.

Salomon: I swore to the tell the truth. You cannot tell me that I am lying. Think twice before you say that."

The defence yesterday called to the stand Salomon's eldest son, Zeev, aged 10. He said he remembered the day his mother disappeared. "I went to school in the morning and the children told me they heard on the radio my mother was dead. The children said that. I did not listen."

He said his father came that morning to the children's house to ask if his mother had told him anything that morning. The boy then read some lines from his notebook touching on this day. "Mother came to put me to bed. In the morning, Father came and asked if Mother had come."

Hearings were adjourned until December 27. *(Itim.)*

THE HAIFA SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Schedule of November Performances

Conductor: Sergiu Comissiona

Soloist: Ricardo Odnoposoff (violin)

PROGRAMME: Pieces by Sternberg, Dvorak, Saint Saens, Mendelssohn and Brahms.

Conductor: GEORG SINGER

November 16: Kiryat Tivon
November 17: Haifa, No. 2 Subscription Concert Armon Hall
November 18: Kiryat Shmona
November 19: Hof Hacarmel
November 20: Givatayim
November 21: Petah Tikva
November 23: Afula, Suba. Concert No. 2
November 24: Tel Aviv, Tel Aviv Cinema Hall
November 25: Jerusalem
November 27: Natanya, Sharon Cinema Hall
November 27: Tel Aviv, special Youth performance, Habimah Hall

Ticket sales have begun; particulars on billboards, in the press and on the radio.

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

Government to Get Out Of Diamond Processing

POST Economic Reporter

The diamond industry has agreed in principle to buy up the workshops that are under the Government's control, Mr. Michael Tsour, Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, said at the opening ceremony of the new diamond centre in Jerusalem yesterday.

This step, it is expected, will go a long way to solve the deadlock in the relations with the manufacturers, who have protested against the intrusion of the Government's Development Company into the diamond trade.

Three of the workshops belong to the Company and eight operate on a piece-work basis, processing stones supplied by the Company. All of them are situated in the Development areas.

Changes Mooted In Export Premium Levels

POST Economic Reporter

It is proposed to reduce the export premium from 85 to 80 agorot per dollar of added value for those industrial branches that have achieved an adequate measure of rationalization. The list of industries to which the reduction will apply is under discussion with the manufacturers, sources in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry said yesterday.

The Ministry intends however to raise the premium for branches that are new to the export trade, in order to encourage their first steps in this direction.

Index Up by 0.4

The consumer price index excluding fruit and vegetables, rose by 0.4 points to reach 102.6 points last month, as compared to 102.2 points in October 1959, the Central Bureau of Statistics announced yesterday.

The index uses January 1959 as its base of 100 points.

The increase was attributed to rises in the cost of clothing and shoes following the end of season sales. Another factor in the rise was the increase in kindergarten tuition fees. Coffee and poultry prices declined during October, it was noted.

Notices to the Public

Defence Loan Prize-Bearing Draw 1358/1960

The 8th draw of the above loan will take place on Thursday, Nov 17, at 4.15 p.m. in the hall of the Bank of Israel, Mapai Bldg., Jaffa Rd., Jerusalem.

Entrance free.
The public is invited.

J'lem Diamond Centre Opened To News of New Gem Source

Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

As from next January, a new source of raw materials for Israel's diamond industry will be available on a regular basis. Half-a-million dollars of stones a month will be imported from West Africa by the Government-owned Diamond Research and Development Company and will be available for purchase by local industrialists, Mr. Yehuda Divon, Director of the Company, revealed at a press conference prior to the formal opening of the new Diamond Centre in Jerusalem yesterday.

This amount is not far short of the quota allotted to Israel by the diamond syndicate.

This news accorded well with the optimistic spirit that prevailed as the new four-storey building in Romema — built, complete with equipment, at a cost of IL1.3m. by the Jerusalem Economic Corporation — was officially opened by Finance Minister Levi Eshkol. "We are prepared to sell the building, said Mr. Zvi Barak, of the Corporation "and have already in mind the construction of a second one. We can look forward to the eventual employment of another 1,000 workers in addition to the 1,000 men and women that are to work on the present premises."

Two-thirds of the space has already been leased — one whole storey by the American Gutterwirth Becca Company, which will bring over stones for processing in Israel and will market them abroad. The Union Bank has also opened a new branch office in the building. Many foreign firms have opened branches in Israel, and this indicates that the great diamond centres abroad have accepted the entry of Israel into this industry, Mr. Divon noted. The Belgian dealers have crushed attempts to create diamond processing and trading facilities in Cuba, Guatemala and elsewhere, and it is Israel's good fortune that she has been accepted into the world "club" of approved enterprises.

The Development Company offers its aid to new plants, both by training their workers and, through buying and marketing their diamonds.

The first batch of 120 workers have completed their course in the Company's training workshops, and will start employment at the Centre in the immediate future.

At 6.30 last night (Tuesday) the Diamond Exchange, which is accommodated in the Centre, was officially opened under its chairman, Mr. Daniel Auster. It complements the existing exchange in Tel Aviv, and many dealers from that city will be drawn to participate in the buying and selling of raw stones and cut diamonds in Jerusalem, which is the world's latest city to become a diamond centre of international importance.

Mayor Mordechai Ish-Shalom, Finance Commissioner Mordechai Shattner and M. Aron Wax Prass, President of the Diamond Importers and Manufacturers Association of the U.S., also spoke at the ceremony.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

	15/11	16/11
$ LINKED		
3½% Treas $	780	800
3½% Bonds $	860	880
4½% Def. Loan	97	97
6% Hous. Loan B	980	980
6% " B	98	97
6½% P.E.C. 57/64	1035	1035
6% Nat'l Oil Co.	93	93
6% K. Hay. III	98	98
6% Port. & Chem.	980	980
Local Authorities	980	980
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	1004	1004
4½% Hous. Loan "A"	100	101
6½% P.E.C. 57/64	119	120
6% K. Hay. III	1013	1013
Local Authorities	1000	1042
50% 50% $ C.O.L. LINK.		
6% Ind. Dev. Bank	940	940
3% Pal. Elect.	940	95
6% Bank Leumi Is	940	940
ORD. & PREF. SHRS.		
Pal. Elect Stock	842	840
4½% Pal. Elect.		
2nd Pref. Stock	3700	3700
Bank Leumi		
"A" Ord. Stock	978	9940
Gen Mort. Bank		
(New bearer)	842	838
Bank Leumi Isr	980	9854
Rassco Prof.	980	977
Hous. Mort. Bank	178	176
Kibbutz Invest.	790	800
Africa Pal. Inv.	881	840
I. I. D. C.		
(new bearer)	851	840
Ata Textiles	232	218
Def. Sh. (Reg.)	210	2034
Moller Text.	162	160
Phoenicia	1361	1334
Assia & Def. Bnk	232	220
Pal. Potash	280	2794
Dead Sea Powm.	2071	2094
Teva	1750	2000
Pal. Cold Stor.	273	265
Paper Mills	204	230
Alliance	94	93.60
Delek	9311	9171
Delek 11/12	226	217
Jordan Explos.	120	118
C U R B		
Lapidoth	84	85
Naphta	1794	1654

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TODAY'S TENDENCY

Dollar Bonds	Irregular
Index Bonds	Higher
Or. Shares	Lower

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BRITISH EUROPEAN AIRWAYS

DETERRENT OR DEFENCE (I)

By B. H. Liddell Hart

LEGACY OF THE SPUTNIK

SINCE the Russian Sputniks and their carrier rockets began circling the world, their radio signals have been telling the peoples of the world that no defence exists. Their gentle "bleep bleep" has been the loudest and most shattering blast since the trumpets of Joshua and the shout of his people flattened the walls of Jericho. The "bleep" has cracked the foundations of Western defence planning.

When the Russians announced in August 1957 that they had successfully launched an ICBM (inter-continental ballistic missile), and could "direct rockets into any part of the world," their claim was doubted in various quarters—particularly in America. When the satellite was successfully launched early in October, the first reaction in such quarters was to discount its significance. The professional head of the U.S. Navy scornfully referred to it as "only a hunk of iron which anyone could launch." Even after the second and larger satellite had been launched, Field-Marshal Montgomery was reported in an interview as saying: "Don't be afraid of the Sputnik. I say the satellites do not give Russia any strategic or military predominance."

In 1954 the power of atomic armament was enormously increased by the development of the thermo-nuclear weapon, commonly called the "Hydrogen Bomb." But at the same time such power had ceased to be an American monopoly, while Russia was gaining a lead in the development of long-range missiles, which promised a more effective and less interceptible means of delivering a nuclear attack than aircraft could provide.

Nuclear Nullity

The mutual possession of nuclear weapons tends to nullify the value of possessing them. For even a decisive superiority of numbers does not ensure victory, as it has done with other weapons, but only mutual destruction—and there are no degrees of importance in the matter of suicide. (That defining word has to be constantly reiterated because the fact is otherwise so difficult to realise by minds accustomed to think in terms of other weapons and thus inclined to regard nuclear power as "just another weapon" added to the armoury.) The natural consequence of such nuclear parity is nuclear nullity.

It had long been assumed as a certainty by the NATO countries in Europe that the United States possessed a big superiority over Russia in A-bombs, H-bombs and their means of delivery—even if the margin of advantage might be shrinking. It was therefore believed that this American nuclear superiority amply counterbalanced the Russians' much larger army, and would suffice to deter them from attempting to invade any country that America had taken under its protective wing. A third assumption was that, at the worst, the United States strategic air force could defeat any attack.

Then, at the start of 1959, came the successful launching of the Russian moon-rocket on January 2. A great scientific achievement and in itself of a peaceful kind, the *Lunik* was a triumph for Russian science even greater than the first Sputnik launched fifteen months earlier. Its performance was the more shining by contrast with the initial failures, in turn, of American earth-satellites and moon-rockets.

There has now been ample time to assess the scientific evidence provided by the Russians' achievement, and from that to deduce its wider bearing on the strategic situation of the Western Powers in relation to Soviet Russia. The military, psychological, and political effects on their defence are potentially tremendous. They have been given too little attention in the governing circles of the West. This inadequate response in the reconsideration of their strategic policy would be astonishing if it were not all too characteristic of the way that the leaders of the Western countries, then headed by France and Britain, ignored the revolutionary implications of mechanized warfare a generation earlier, although the warning was then blazoned for anyone whose eyes were open.

Official complacency about America's lead in atomic weapon-power still reappears at intervals, although now based on the assumption that she must still be well ahead of the Russians in quantity, if not in quality. That comforting assumption is habitually expressed at NATO conferences. It ignores the hard fact that a Western superiority in the number of bombs would be of no avail if the Russians possess, and can deliver, the relatively small number that would be sufficient to wreck and devastate the Western countries which are more densely populated and vulnerable than Russia. Superiority in these fatal weapons means little in face of such sufficiency.

But now a new and much larger question has arisen—whether the NATO countries can rely any longer on the protection hitherto provided by the deterrent power of the U.S. Strategic Air Force. For the performance of the moon-rocket, following on that of the Sputniks, demonstrated that the Russians had developed a system of guiding large rockets, at immensely long ranges, which was far more accurate than the Americans had yet evolved. The Russians are the masters in the rocket field, and have established a lead that will be hard to overtake.

Indirect Protection

This does not mean that the West's nuclear power, embodied mainly in the U.S. Strategic Air Command, has completely ceased to be a deterrent and protection. It remains a deterrent to, and thereby an indirect protection against nuclear attack so long as the capacity for retaliation is sufficient to ensure that any surprise blow—any attempt at a nuclear Pearl Harbour stroke — is likely to prove mutually suicidal.

But it has become doubtful whether this former "Great Deterrent" remains a sufficient deterrent to lesser forms of aggression, or even to a strong invasion with conventional forces.

For nuclear parity leads to nuclear nullity—because the suicidal boomerang result of using such weapons induces strategic sterility. Moreover, parity in this sphere does not require equality in numbers—of bombs and their carriers—but only the capability of delivering the minimum, a very low minimum, that would suffice to wreck the mainspring of the main power on the other side—the capital and great industrial centres. The mere probability is paralysing and sterilizing. Indeed, it is ironically apt that an alternative meaning of the word "parity" is "the condition or fact of having borne offspring." By giving birth to the atomic bomb, America gained a temporary strategic advantage, but the sequel has been to annul her potency.

Nuclear nullity inherently favours and fosters a renewal of non-nuclear aggressive activity—a field in which America and her European allies are much weaker than their opponents as a result of having pinned so much faith for so long to supremacy in nuclear power.

Now that New York and Chicago are within range of bombardment by Russian rockets, with nuclear warheads, would not the Americans hesitate to unleash their strategic air force in reply to Russian aggression in Europe or Asia? Such hesitation would be very natural, unless the attack was obviously on a great scale and far-reaching in aim. When it came to the point, would any nation invite its own destruction if the danger did not look vital?

•

FOR generations, British statesmen of all parties habitually described the Mediterranean route to the East via the Suez Canal as vital to Britain and as her "lifeline." Yet in World War II they were forced—and proved able—to abandon it for three years as a sea route, diverting all regular traffic round the Cape of Good Hope. After the war, they again began to call it vital—and Mr. Bevin, when Foreign Minister, declared that to lose control of the Suez Canal would be "cutting our throat." Yet in 1956 it was snatched away from Britain—and, after an abortive effort to regain control, she gave up the attempt in face of the greater risk of bringing on a nuclear war.

France had taken a similar view about the vital importance of Indo-China. Both losses were damaging, but not deadly.

With the development of such catastrophic weapons as H-bombs, even the strongest nations are likely to become more cautious in their views of what is vital—especially if it comes to a question of putting their views into execution. In conference it is easy to draw lines on the map and declare that any infringement of them will immediately result in massive retaliation with nuclear weapons. But it would be unrealistic for the smaller countries to take it for granted that their big protector will take such extreme action instantly, and without hesitation, on their behalf, now that his own land is within reach of a reply bombardment. Any responsible government would be inclined to hesitate.

Unfortunately, Russia's rulers are shrewd enough to realize the likelihood of such hesitation. Worse still, they may become increasingly inclined to count on it. On that reckoning they may develop and exploit further politico-military techniques of making headway while causing hesitation—nibbling into the Western positions without looking as though they intended to swallow them entirely.

Here lies the inherent weakness of the theory of massive retaliation by air coupled with "trip-wire" ground forces, just sufficient to act as a warning signal and a momentary check in case of any sudden attack or encroachment. This was the theory which the Western Powers embraced in 1954. It appeared to offer a way of combining effectiveness with economy—and so was the more eagerly accepted, with too little reflection. Now it looks as if the more likely effect will be to trip up ourselves.

Better Deterrent Needed

There is urgent need of a better kind of deterrent that does not impale us on the horns of the dilemma: "Suicide or Surrender." It must be a more workable kind of deterrent—one that could be put into operation as a defence against anything less than an all-out attack. The better it is potentially as a defence, in a non-suicidal way, the surer it promises to be as a deterrent.

A main hindrance to its development has been the persistence of military concepts that are really no more than old habits of thought. They have, in turn, produced an inflated idea of the financial burden involved in combining a non-nuclear defence, and immediate deterrent, with the ultimate nuclear deterrent. For so long as soldiers still think in terms of a lengthy war, and of winning it, they tend to put the requirements—in men, equipment, and money — much higher than the statesmen feel that they can meet.

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(This is the first of a series of six articles by Capt. B. H. Liddell Hart on the nuclear arms race).

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Lord Samuel—A Sprightly 90

By S.J. GOLDSMITH

LONDON. — Lord Samuel's ninetieth birthday was celebrated as a national event. The Queen sent him a warm congratulatory message; the House of Lords marked the anniversary; "The Times" had a special article.

When Lord Samuel celebrated his fiftieth year as a member of the Privy Council last year, he was invited to Buckingham Palace where the Queen bestowed on him the Order of Merit, the highest distinction Britain can offer.

The dinner in Viscount Samuel's honour, given by the British Friends of the Hebrew University, was one of the highlights of the birthday celebrations. Professor Norman Bentwich, who presided, set the tone when he told the guests:

"You will be able to tell your grandchildren that you dined with Lord Samuel in his ninety-first year." Since Samuel was born in the reign of Queen Victoria and joined the Liberal Party when Gladstone was still alive, the link with the past is truly awe-inspiring...

Lord Samuel walked into the Savoy, where the dinner took place, with sprightly step, quite unaided, and remained throughout the whole course of the dinner. He left less worn than many of his juniors by decades. His hair is white but still thick; his moustache is only grayish, and it bristles as much as ever. He was not supposed to make a speech, but he did. It was a little masterpiece of lucidity and wit:

I could make a long speech to explain why I do not propose to make a speech. But briefly, I had seven engagements in a fortnight and my doctor thought it was enough for an elderly man...

Mind you, not all the seven functions were connected with my birthday. There are other things going on, also of some importance, such as the opening of Parliament, the Address from the Throne, defence matters...

This time I want to thank all those kindly people who have sent me greetings, even gifts. People who use to reach 120, which is the charming Jewish custom on such occasions...

I have resigned all my offices for obvious reasons, but I agreed to continue as Honorary President of the Friends of the Hebrew University.

The University remains one of my deep attachments since that day, in 1922, when I presided over a lecture in Jerusalem by Albert Einstein. It was even before the University took physical shape.

It is today a model to the world and a source of inspiration and guidance to Israel and mankind as a whole. All of you who came to do me honour — and I appreciate it deeply — can do it best by giving your support to the Hebrew University...

There was an address by the Israel Ambassador, Mr. Arthur Lourie, who proposed the toast to Lord Samuel, and another one by Professor Ifor Evans, Provost of University College, London, who seconded it.

Ambassador Lourie outlined Samuel's contribution to Zionism since his memorandum to Asquith about support for a Jewish National Home in 1914, to the present day.

Dr Ifor summarised Samuel's contribution to British politics, letters and life in general. Edward E. Gelber came from Jerusalem to speak for the Hebrew University and Alec Lerner spoke for its British Friends.

Zionists had their arguments with Samuel at various times. But perhaps he made his final peace with Zionism by a symbolic act. In 1948, it was Lord Samuel who opened the Visitors' Book with his signature on the day the Israel Legation here was opened.

He is too integrated a personality to have a split mind, but he does live on two levels — as an Englishman and as a Jew. And his mark will be lasting on both.

Mayors on Development Areas

By PHILIP GILLON

THE theme of the discussions at the Congress of the International Union of Local Authorities (IULA), starting today, is, "The Tasks of Local Authorities in Development Areas." Governments throughout the world are turning their attention to areas which are in poor condition compared to other parts of the countries concerned. Under-development may be due to a number of reasons, such as poor natural resources or lack of adequate communications. Redistribution of populations or decentralization of industry may be important for strategic, economic or other causes.

One of the effects of variations in the development of different areas may be a wide disparity between the standards of living of the inhabitants. People in the Southern part of Brazil, for example, earn almost four times as much as those in the great northern zone: to correct this lack of equilibrium Brazil has launched a project to transform an area of 14 million square kilometres. Disequilibrium is unjust in principle and unsound economically.

The Congress will have three main topics: rural development, industrial development in the areas concerned and the social and cultural adaptation of the population there. These themes will be introduced by such eminent experts as Mr. E.G.W. Allen, of the United Kingdom, Mr. Greenwood of Ghana, Mr. Hisamatsu of Japan, Mr. Migliori of Italy and Mr. Jagannadham of India. The programme provides for working sessions each afternoon of the week-long Congress and trips to Israel's own development areas each morning.

Ideal Social Laboratory

It is apparent that IULA agreed to hold its first Congress ever to take place outside Europe in Israel because this country is an ideal social laboratory for persons interested in the development areas. In recent years interest in IULA has spread to African and Asian countries, many of which face problems parallel to those of Israel. Clearly much can be learned from Israel's experience in trying to transform the empty spaces of the country into flourishing farms and cities. It may be some consolation to the armchair-experts grousing in the cafes of Eilat, Beersheba or Kiryat Shmona about their difficulties, to find that they are not alone in their troubles and that they are serving as "guinea pigs" for hundreds of mayors, deputy mayors and other experts.

When the State was established 524,000 of the country's 653,000 Jews lived in three cities. Seventy per cent of the country, lying south of an imaginary line between Beit Guvrin and the site of Ashdod Yam today, was virtually uninhabited. Jerusalem had to be linked to the coast, and the hills of Galilee settled. The Government can claim great credit for its astonishing achievement in building over 20 towns and more than 300 villages in these areas, while over 200,000 people have settled in the South.

Many admirable ideas have been perfected during the period. As a democratic country Israel was unable to force its citizens to go to a particular place against their will. Mr. Ben-Gurion might appeal to the "espresso" youth of Tel Aviv and say "go South, young man" but he could not force them to do so. Seventy-five per cent of the population of the development areas were willy-nilly pioneers who went straight from ship to village without knowing exactly what was involved for them. It speaks volumes for the adaptability of the human being that so many of them remained and have become such constructive elements in the national life.

The Government could control the siting of the population by building most of its houses in the development areas and by making loans and tax benefits available to investors there. The Histadrut concentrated new industries in these zones. Today most of the development towns are overcoming the problem of unemployment, except for persons difficult to employ for physical or other reasons, and Dr. Josephthal announced earlier this month a new plan to attract 1,000 experts to these towns by housing concessions.

Cultural Amenities

The main burden of providing cultural amenities has fallen on the Histadrut, Wizo and the Working Mother's Organization, and they have rendered remarkable service. Nevertheless, there is no doubt that much has to be done in these fields — Mr. Abba Eban spoke recently of the cultural aridity of the development towns, particularly for the youth, and he was perfectly correct.

The IULA delegates may find that the municipalities in the new towns and rural areas, with some notable exceptions, appear to have a long way to go. It must be pointed out, in fairness, that the building of new towns from the dune or desert up is an ideal situation for planners, since they do not have to bother about the accumulated errors of their predecessors, but it poses almost impossible tasks for the people who have to provide the wants of the inhabitants during the period of building. Towns built artificially, as were Israel's development towns, have to pull themselves up by their own bootstraps.

The IULA Congress may provide solutions for many of these problems: it is thus more than just another Convention to prove the country's progress as a tourist centre. The deliberations are of vital interest to thousands of Israelis living in the country's most important towns and villages. *(Leader on p. 1)*

Readers' Letters

MAPAI DENIAL

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Several inaccuracies appear in an article headlined "Forget 'Affair,' Close Ranks, Mapai told," which appeared in your esteemed paper on November 14.

The Mapai Trade Union Department was in no way instructed to deal with the alleged "crushing of the attempt to organize the petitions by Mr. Lavon's supporters," as reported by your correspondent.

As to "the decision of the Mapai Control Commission" mentioned by your correspondent in support of his report — this is a general decision, one of the many adopted by the Commission and published from time to time. This decision has no connection with the matter to which your correspondent refers. It was adopted by the Commission on the basis of an application made to it in July, i.e. several months before the start of the "Affair." Neither does the date of publication of this decision in "Igeret Lepe'ilim" have any connection with the "Affair" or with any of the other suppositions raised by your correspondent.

Yours, etc.
YOSEF MAGEN
Mapai Spokesman

Tel Aviv, November 16.

Our reporter observed that he was informed by reliable sources in the Mapai Trade Union Department of the attempted "spontaneous" demonstrations and the Department's swift measures to stop them.

LAVON AFFAIR

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I am a subscriber to your weekend edition and I have read many columns on the Lavon Affair. Despite all of the columns and implications that this or that one was involved in some security mishap no mention seems to have been made of what the security mishap was.

Will you please inform this reader just what event the Lavon Affair refers to in 1954 and 1955. It would make the reading much more intelligible.

Yours, etc.,
JACOB PODOLOFF

New Haven, Conn., U.S.A.
November 7, 1960

GOOD MANNERS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Although I am not anxious to belabour the question of good manners in children, I was surprised to read Mrs. Solomon's letter in which she actually condones bad manners at a time when children are in a "happy-go-lucky" frame of mind. I feel that good manners, if inculcated at an early age, become a habit and are not something that fluctuate with frame of mind or the occasion. While having the fullest understanding of children, I still maintain that good manners are necessary for the children themselves and for their future happiness as citizens.

Yours, etc.
M. L.

Mount Carmel, Haifa, Nov. 8.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

U.N. and Arab Refugees

Hamodia (Agudat Yisrael) says that the problem of the refugees will again be discussed by the U.N.'s Special Political Committee and that the basis for the discussion will be the report submitted by the head of the UNRWA, Mr. John Davis. The paper disagrees with Mr. Davis' views about the supposed aid given to the refugees by the Arab Governments and with his contention that they cannot be economically absorbed in their present places of residence. "No one can point to any aid given by the Arab States to the refugees. These countries were criticized in the past for refusing to even contribute to the U.N. funds for assistance to the refugees," the paper declares. Mr. Davis' views about the economic absorption of the refugees "stand in stark contrast to universally known facts," the paper added.

IULA Conference

Hatzofe (National Religious), in welcoming the IULA conference says the emphasis should not be laid on economic projects, with which, the paper continues, the delegates are well acquainted from their own countries. "In Israel they expect to see a high level of citizenship and humanity, the heritage of the People of the Book." She'arim (Poalei Agudat Yisrael) states that "Among the participants in the Congress are mayors from Germany who, despite our well-known feelings, will be our guests just like the others... But we have the right to demand of our guests that they take our feelings into consideration."

Davar (Histadrut) discusses) the Ministry of Labour's plan for bringing 1,000 families with important skills to development towns. Ha'aretz (non-party), in its first editorial, discusses relations between Oriental and Western Jews in Israel. Its second editorial is devoted to developments in Turkey. Al Hamishmar (Mapam) expresses its opposition to the use of compulsory arbitration in labour disputes.

MUSICAL DIARY

Rich Experience

Second Subscription Concert of the I.P.O., presenting the Nederlands Kamerorkest, Szymon Goldberg, conductor and soloist (Binyanei Haooma Concert Hall, Jerusalem, November 15). Bach: Violin Concerto in A minor; Haydn: Violin Concerto in C; Beethoven: Grand Fugue, Opus 133; Van Dolden: Trio for String Orchestra; Mozart: "Eine Kleine Nachtmusik"; Bartok: Allegro Assai (From Divertimento for Strings) — encore.

SEEING the small number of chairs on the huge stage of Binyanei Haooma, one wondered how their occupants would be able to fill the hall with a sufficient volume of sound. But doubts were dispelled as soon as the concert started.

Beauty of tone and the complete union of the 20 musicians into a single body made this concert one of the finest heard for some time. The sensitive acoustics allowed one to enjoy every phrase and every shade of dynamics employed in a highly polished presentation. Szymon Goldberg's playing has already been praised in these columns, but one must single out the second movement of the Haydn concerto, which will linger for a long time in our ears for sheer beauty and complete harmony of technical execution and musical interpretation. The finale from Bartok's Divertimento served as an encore and displayed technical brilliance, elasticity and rich shading, giving leader Thomas Magyar ample opportunity to demonstrate his sound musicianship.

A most pleasant evening and a rich experience.

Claremont Quartet

First Concert of the Jerusalem Chamber Music Society and the Jerusalem Musicians Association (Wise Auditorium, Hebrew University Campus, November 10). The Claremont String Quartet (Marc Gottlieb, Vladimir Weisman, violins; William Schoen, viola; Irving Klein, cello). Programme: Mozart: Quartet in F, K. 590; Bartok: Quartet No. 3; Beethoven: Quartet in F, Op. 135.

DURING a four-day stopover in Israel on the way from Australia to Europe, the Claremont String Quartet opened Jerusalem's Chamber Music season at the Wise Auditorium on Thursday evening.

This ensemble, founded in 1953 in the U.S.A., consists of serious musicians who perform with a concentrated effort and tense attention which makes it difficult for the listener to enjoy the music in a relaxed mood. It may have been the strain of the trip (they arrived in Israel only a few hours before the concert) or the unfamiliar acoustics and surroundings which made them appear grim and strained. On the other hand, it may be their intention to give the sonorous effects to be expected from a string orchestra rather than a quartet.

The players revealed no tenderness in the opening Mozart (or in the Haydn encore)" no mature mellowness in the Beethoven, and the Bartok sounded confused more than once. Only the slow movement of the Beethoven Quartet transmitted some of its intrinsic beauty to the audience, which led one to hope that the Claremont String Quartet will eventually reach that stage of maturity which an ensemble of this kind requires to be rated amongst the great quartets.

YOHANAN BOEHM

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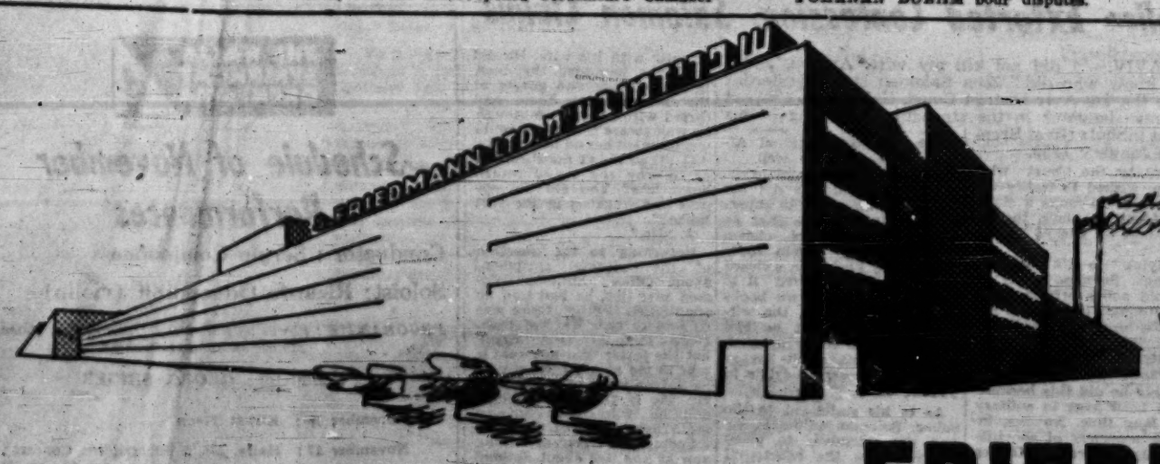

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